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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/616,852	07/09/2003	Malcolm Reginald Hallis Bell	1193-4049	1841	
27123	7590 09/14/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
MORGAN & FINNEGAN, L.L.P. 3 WORLD FINANCIAL CENTER			SHAPIRO, J	SHAPIRO, JEFFERY A	
NEW YORK, NY			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	,		3653	<u></u>	
			DATE MAILED: 09/14/200	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		A - 1! 4/ - 5	
·	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Commons	10/616,852	BELL ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Jeffrey A. Shapiro	3653	
The MAILING DATE of this communicate Period for Reply	tion appears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 3' after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statuto  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	LING DATE OF THIS COMMUNION TO THE STATE OF THIS COMMUNION TO THE STATE OF THE STAT	CATION.  eply be timely filed  THS from the mailing date of this communication  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
<ul> <li>1) Responsive to communication(s) filed of the communication (s).</li> <li>2a) This action is FINAL. 2b).</li> <li>3) Since this application is in condition for closed in accordance with the practice.</li> </ul>	☑ This action is non-final. allowance except for formal matt		
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-32 is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are v 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-32 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction Application Papers  9) The specification is objected to by the E 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objectio Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	withdrawn from consideration.  n and/or election requirement.  examiner.  n accepted or b) objected to  n to the drawing(s) be held in abeyar e correction is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d	).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document of the priority document of the priority document of the certified copies of the application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action for the priority document of the priority doc	cuments have been received. cuments have been received in A the priority documents have been I Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO-Paper No(s)/Mail Date	-948) Paper No(	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152) 	



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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
   The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 1, 8, 14, 21 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

It is unclear, for example, in Claim 1, lines 8-11, whether the processing means is modifying it acceptance criteria based on its own fraud signal to itself or whether it is communicating with another part of the system, which then directs said processing means to change its acceptance criteria.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baltz et al (US 2005/0148387 A1) in view of Dobbins et al (US 5,730,272). Baltz discloses a gaming network (100) having several gaming machines (102-106) that have coin acceptor (114) and bill validator (116), said bill validator and coin acceptor

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connected with and communicating over a network through network interface/communication means (112). See also paragraph 13.

Baltz does not expressly disclose, but Dobbins discloses a currency acceptor (10) having a sensing means (see Dobbins, elements 21, 22, 24 and 25 and col. 6, lines 60-66), processing means (35), said processing means sending an alarm upon detection of a fraud attempt, said alarm causing said processor to modify its acceptance criteria. See Dobbins, col. 2, lines 14-18 and col. 7, lines 1-59, noting in particular col. 7, lines 44-60.

Both Baltz and Dobbins are considered to be analogous art because they both concern currency discrimination systems.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to replace Baltz' currency discrimination system with that of Dobbins' discrimination system and method of rejecting non-genuine coins upon detection of a fraud attempt, causing the acceptance criteria/acceptance window to be changed so as to screen out said non-genuine coins. See Dobbins, cited above. Note that it would have also been obvious to communicate said information over Baltz' communication means since Baltz' system discloses such communication between the bill validator and coin acceptor with the central controller. See Baltz' Claim 1, for example.

The suggestion/motivation would have been to improve acceptance and rejection of coins, including an improved rate of rejection by modifying the acceptance criteria.

See Dobbins, col. 2, lines 8-15.

### Double Patenting

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4. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

5. Claims 1-32 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over Claims 1-33 of U.S. Patent No. 6,722,487 B1. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claims of the '487 patent disclose detecting a fraud attempt and changing the acceptance criteria of a currency validator in response.

#### Conclusion

- 6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Allan et al, '277 discloses a method of testing coins in which the acceptance criteria is modified. See figures 11 and 19.
- Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeffrey A. Shapiro whose telephone number is (571)272-6943. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 9:00 AM-5:00 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Donald P. Walsh can be reached on (571)272-6944. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jeffrey A. Shapiro Examiner Art Unit 3653

September 11, 2005

DUNALIDE IN SERVICE SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600